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Linked Open Data Infrastructure for Digital Humanities in Finland

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Abstract. This paper presents and overviews *Linked Open Data Infrastructure for Digital Humanities in Finland (LODI4DH)*, a joint initiative of Aalto University, Department of Computer Science, and University of Helsinki (UH), Helsinki Centre for Digital Humanities (HELDIG), for creating a national data infrastructure and Linked Data services for open science. The data and services enable publication and utilization of datasets for data-intensive Digital Humanities (DH) research in structured, standardized formats via open interfaces. LODI4DH is based on a large national collaboration network and software created during a long line of national projects in DH between UH and Aalto since 2003. This work has created several in-use infrastructure prototypes, such as the ONKI and Finto ontology service now at the National Library of Finland, the Linked Data Finland data publishing platform LDF.fi, and the “Sampo” series of semantic portals testing and demonstrating the usability of the approach in practical applications. Thus far, these systems have had millions of end-users on the Web suggesting a high potential of utilizing the technology and Linked Data infrastructure in DH.

Keywords: Semantic Web, Linked Data, Infrastructure, Digital Humanities.

1 A National Vision since 2003

Data, the oil of the digital world, is typically interlinked in content, published in different formats and languages, and is distributed in different services across countries. To create intelligent web services based on such heterogeneously distributed data sources, e.g., collection data in different cultural heritage organizations, the data has to be made mutually interoperable and machine understandable. Furthermore, lots of duplicate work can be eliminated if the data is not only interoperable, but also findable, accessible, and re-usable between the data publishers and users. To satisfy these FAIR principles¹, a shared data infrastructure is needed on a national level [5], interlinked with the international Semantic Web infrastructure and standards² using the Linked Data publishing principles [3].

¹ <https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/>

² <https://www.w3.org/standards/semanticweb/>

Linked Open Data Infrastructure for Digital Humanities in Finland (LODI4DH)³ is a joint initiative of the Helsinki Centre for Digital Humanities (HELDIG)⁴, the University of Helsinki (UH), and Aalto University Department of Computer Science, Semantic Computing Research Group (SeCo)⁵. The initiative aims to create living lab prototypes of centralized national Linked Data services for open science. The services enable publication and utilization of datasets for data-intensive Digital Humanities (DH) research and application in structured, standardized Semantic Web formats via open interfaces, such as SPARQL endpoints. Major components of LODI4DH include domain ontologies for data linking (historical places and maps, persons, events, keyword concepts, and times), harmonizing metadata models (extending, e.g., the CIDOC CRM ontology), publishing core datasets for re-use, various Linked Data services for developers, and online learning materials about Linked Data technologies.

LODI4DH is based on a large collaboration network and software infrastructure created during a long line of national projects in DH between UH and Aalto University, such as the FinnONTO project series (2003–2012)⁶ on creating a national ontology infrastructure in Finland [5], the Linked Data Finland project focusing on datasets (2012–2014)⁷, and Linked Open Data Science⁸. These project collaborations between some 50 organizations have resulted in several in-use infrastructure prototypes and services, such as the ONKI ontology service, deployed as the Finto ontology service⁹ by the National Library of Finland, and the “7-star” Linked Data Finland model and online service LDF¹⁰ [10].

2 Ontology and Data Services in Use

ONKI/Finto and Linked Data Finland services have already had a wide user base demonstrating the need for the LODI4DH infrastructure. Applications based on them have also made their way from academic research into real use, especially the “Sampo” series of semantic portals [6] for Digital Humanities. For example, the system “Book-Sampo – Finnish Fiction Literature on the Semantic Web”, based originally on LDF.fi and maintained now by the Finnish public libraries (Kirjastot.fi), had 2 million visitors in 2018, the semantic portal “WarSampo – Finnish World War II on the Semantic Web” (2015) has had 570 000 distinct users, and there are tens of thousands of monthly users in the Finto service. Many museums in Finland, e.g., Espoo City Museum, AKSELI Consortium of eight museums, and the new national MuseumPlus cataloging system, make use of the FinnONTO ontologies and the Finto service.

In addition to the Finnish projects, there have been several joint research projects and collaborations with foreign research organizations, such as University of Oxford,

³ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/lodi4dh/>

⁴ <http://heldig.fi>

⁵ <http://seco.cs.aalto.fi>

⁶ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/finnonto/>

⁷ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/ldf/>

⁸ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/lohci/>

⁹ <http://finto.fi/en/>

¹⁰ <http://ldf.fi>

Stanford University, University of Colorado Boulder, and University of Pennsylvania, and Institut de recherche et d’histoire des textes (IRHT), where the Finnish Linked Data services (LDF.fi) for DH have been used. These include WW1LOD, a data service and semantic portal based on World War I data [13], a prototype [16] hosting data about ca. 150 000 letters for the Reassembling the Republic of Letters¹¹ initiative dealing with Early Modern correspondence data [4], and Mapping Manuscript Migrations¹² data service and portal [8] on medieval pre-modern manuscript data [1].

LODI4DH aims at harnessing all this work into sustainable services, and hopefully integrating the work as a component into the EU ERIC DARIAH infrastructure¹³ in the future. LODI4DH infrastructure is open source, publishes open data (unless there are restrictions from the data owner side), and is free of charge for everyone to use. LODI4DH focuses on DH research infrastructures but the underlying Linked Data and Semantic Web technology can and has been utilized in other fields of research, too, extending the utilization potential of the infrastructure.

3 LODI4DH Components

Our research continues the work of the FinnONTO initiative on creating a shared ontology infrastructure [5]. Data from collaborating organizations is aggregated into shared open domain ontologies, including 1) historical places and maps, 2) historical persons, 3) events, 4) keyword concepts, and 5) times. These core ontologies, provided as web services, are used as “semantic glue” in data linking and fusion.

Historical Places and Maps As for historical places and maps, our work aims at developing the Finnish Ontology Service of Historical Places and Maps (Hipla.fi)¹⁴ [7].

Historical Persons This work started already in FinnONTO, and has been revitalized in the context of building the National Semantic Biography of Finland, BiographySampo [9], AcademySampo [12] and related other biographical and prosopographical systems, based on Linked Data.¹⁵

Historical Events This line of research in LODI4DH builds upon our work on History on the Semantic Web, with applications such as WW1LOD, WarSampo – Finnish WW2 on the Semantic Web¹⁶, and WarVictimSampo [14] on Finnish war history 1914–1922¹⁷, and the Finnish History Ontology HISTO.¹⁸

¹¹ <http://www.republicofletters.net/>

¹² <http://mappingmanuscriptmigrations.org/>

¹³ <http://dariah.eu>

¹⁴ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/histoplaces/en/>

¹⁵ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/biographies/>

¹⁶ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/sotasampo/en>

¹⁷ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/sotasurmat-1914-1922/en/>

¹⁸ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/history/>

Historical Keyword Concepts When developing ONKI and Finto, lots of Finnish keyword thesauri were converted and developed further into RDFS and SKOS ontologies, interlinked into a global linked data cloud called the KOKO [2], and published as ontology services. However, more work is needed here, for example, in areas such as archaeology, built environments, and law. For example, at moment we work on the AMMO ontology of thousands of historical Finnish professions¹⁹ [11] interlinked with the international HISCO classification, and ontologies for describing archaeological finds²⁰, with interoperability to the AriadnePlus infrastructure²¹ on an EU level.

Historical Times LODI4DH creates a time ontology for making references to historical times and periods of time, including names of time periods. Here results from international projects, such as PeriodO²² can be utilized.

Harmonizing Metadata Models LODI4DH works on developing harmonizing metadata models for representing semantic data, such as Bio CRM [15] for extending CIDOC CRM to representing biographical and prosopographical data²³.

Core Datasets We also work on publishing and sharing interlinked core datasets, that are deemed to be useful in different research projects and applications. These datasets are expected to evolve into a kind of Finnish Linked Open Data Cloud. Work is going on, e.g., with the following datasets: Linked Open Name Archive, based on data about 2.7 million place names provided by the Institute for the Languages in Finland (Kotus); Semantic National Biography, based on over 13 100 biographies of prominent Finns edited by the Finnish Literature Society (SKS); WarSampo datasets related to WW2 history, provided by the National Archives of Finland, Defence Forces, and others; University of Helsinki Student Registry (1640–1899), provided by the University of Helsinki Archives; Semantic Finlex legislation and case law data, provided by the Ministry of Justice; Archaeological databases on the Finnish Heritage Agency; parliamentary discussions and other data from the Parliament of Finland.²⁴

Linked Data Services As for the publishing platform, the “7-star” Linked Data Finland model and platform (LDF.fi) is used and developed further with additional services for DH data production, publishing, data analysis, validation, and visualization. LDF.fi extends Tim Berners-Lee’s famous 5-star model²⁵ by two additional stars: the 6th star is given, if the dataset is published with the schemas it conforms to. The 7th star is given if an analysis of the quality of the data with respect to the schemas is provided, too [10].

¹⁹ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/ontologies/ammo/>

²⁰ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/sualt/>

²¹ <https://ariadne-infrastructure.eu/>

²² <https://perio.do/en/>

²³ <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/biographies/>

²⁴ For a full list of project homepages, see <https://seco.cs.aalto.fi/projects/>

²⁵ <https://5stardata.info/en/>

Learning Materials We also produce educational online materials, developing, e.g., the Linked Data School LinDa²⁶, for using Linked Data technology in DH research and application development.

4 Discussion: Sustainability

The end users of the LODI4DH applications have been both researchers and the public in the large, and the ontology services are used by professional catalogers in memory organizations, too. Our experiences suggest that building and maintaining a shared infrastructure is quite essential in developing applications for Digital Humanities effectively. In our own case studies, we have been able to reuse repeatedly and to develop further the FinnONTO ontologies, datasets, web services (e.g., map services), and software components (e.g., faceted search engines, language technology tools) in novel configurations and applications. Without sustainable reuse of the infrastructure, developing, e.g., the wide range of the Sampo portals [6] would have been impossible.

Deploying research prototypes into practical usage, however, can be time consuming. For example, it took ten years before our ONKI ontology service prototype was developed and deployed as the Finto service and got funded by the ministries as a national open service. The work faced not only technical challenges, but also issues of copyright of vocabularies and resistance of using ontologies and Linked Data in the first place. Our strategy for sustainability has been to develop living lab services, and see in practise if the end users get interested in using them, which would show that real add-on value has been created. If a “point of no return” can be reached, the problem of sustainability can be solved more easily. For example, at the moment hundreds of thousands of people have been using the WarSampo infrastructure (ontologies and data) and portal still maintained in a university environment, as the system is still used in our research. However, there are already negotiations on hosting and maintaining the system by external organizations. Pulling out the plug would be difficult at this point.

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²⁶ <http://linda.seco.cs.aalto.fi/>

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